



ANNUAL Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2019

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF METROPLAN ORLANDO

Year Ended June 30, 2019

PREPARED BY DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION

Jason S. Loschiavo, CPA Director Of Finance & Administration



INTRODUCTORY Section

Introductory Section Table of Contents Board Members Local Funding Partners Management Team Organizational Chart





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BOARD MEMBERS As of June 30, 2019

Commissioner Betsy VanderLey, Chairwoman Orange County

Commissioner Bob Dallari, Vice Chair Seminole County

Commissioner Viviana Janer, Secretary/Treasurer Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority (LYNX)/ Central Florida Commuter Rail Commission

Mayor Jose Alvarez City of Kissimmee

Mayor Patricia Bates City of Altamonte Springs

Commissioner Emily Bonilla Orange County

Mr. Benton Bonney* TSMO Advisory Committee

Mayor Jerry L. Demings Orange County

Mayor John Dowless Municipal Advisory Committee

Mayor Buddy Dyer City of Orlando

Mr. M. Carson Good Greater Orlando Aviation Authority

Commissioner Cheryl Grieb Osceola County

Commissioner Fred Hawkins, Jr. Central Florida Expressway Authority

*Mr. Will Hawthorne** Technical Advisory Committee Commissioner Samuel B. Ings City of Orlando

Mr. Thomas A. Kapp* Kissimmee Gateway Airport

Commissioner Christine Moore Orange County

Mr. Atlee Mercer* Community Advisory Committee

Mayor Bryan Nelson City of Apopka

Mr. Mike Shannon* District Five Secretary Florida Department of Transportation

Commissioner Victoria Siplin Orange County

Mr. Stephen Smith Sanford Airport Authority

Commissioner Mayra Uribe Orange County

Mayor Jeff Triplett City of Sanford

Commissioner Jay Zembower Seminole County

*Non-voting advisors

LOCAL FUNDING PARTNERS July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Orange County Government

Osceola County Government

Seminole County Government

City of Altamonte Springs

City of Apopka

City of Kissimmee

City of Orlando

City of Sanford

Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority

Greater Orlando Aviation Authority

Central Florida Expressway Authority

Sanford Airport Authority

Municipal Advisory Committee Members

MANAGEMENT TEAM As of June 30, 2019

Gary D. Huttmann Executive Director

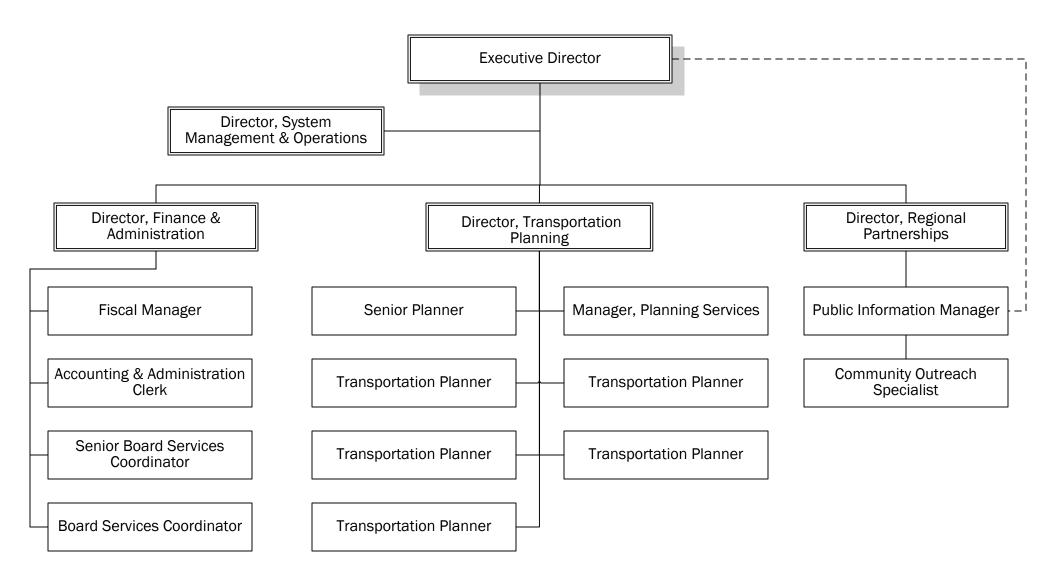
Nick Lepp Director of Transportation Planning

Eric T. Hill Director of System Management and Operations

> Virginia Lewis-Whittington Director of Regional Partnerships

Jason S. Loschiavo, CPA Director of Finance and Administration

MetroPlan Orlando Organizational Chart - Fiscal Year 2018-2019



FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando Orlando, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of MetroPlan Orlando (the "Organization") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Organization as of June 30, 2019, the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"), and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2019 on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moore Atephens Lovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Our discussion and analysis of MetroPlan Orlando's (the "Organization") financial performance provides an overview of the Organization's activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes, which begin on page 9.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The organization-wide and fund financial statements are combined for this annual report, as all activities of the Organization are governmental activities. The report consists of the organization-wide and fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information. The statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Organization's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances presents information on how the Organization's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. The Organization uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All changes in Net Position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., grants receivable and earned but unused personal leave). These governmental activities are primarily supported by member assessments and operating grants.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Organization uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Organization's special revenue programs are shown combined, as are all federal and state reimbursable operating grants.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the basic financial statements. Included in the notes is information on the reconciliation between the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 12 of this report.

Financial Analysis - Government-Wide

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet presents information on all of the Organization's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Organization is improving or deteriorating.

Total net position (assets less liabilities) at the end of Fiscal Year 2019 was \$4,682,749, up 1.4%, or \$63,375, from last year as revenues were greater than expenditures. Net position is separated into two distinct categories: net investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets (furniture, equipment, and software) represents 4.9% of total net position and is not available for future spending. The balance of \$4,453,687 represents unrestricted net position and is available to meet the Organization's obligations to its partners and citizens.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET POSITION	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>	Dollar <u>Change</u>		Percent <u>Change</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 5,132,154	\$ 5,006,503	\$	125,651	2.5%
Capital assets	229,062	277,155		(48,093)	(17.4%)
Total Assets	5,361,216	5,283,658		77,558	1.5%
Accounts payable	372,396	320,804		51,592	16.1%
Accrued liabilities	40,624	36,678		3,946	10.8%
Accrued compensated absences	265,447	306,802		(41,355)	(13.5%)
Total Liabilities	678,467	664,284		14,183	2.1%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	229,062	277,155		(48,093)	(17.4%)
Unrestricted	4,453,687	4,342,219		111,468	2.6%
Total net position	\$ 4,682,749	\$ 4,619,374	\$	63,375	1.4%
	5/0040	5/0040		Dollar	Percent
CHANGES IN NET POSITION Revenues	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>FY 2018</u>		<u>Change</u>	<u>Change</u>
Operating grants					
Federal	\$ 3,982,608	\$ 3,670,748	\$	311,860	8.5%
State	101,881	101,560		321	0.3%
State matching	64,019	116,914		(52,895)	(45.2%)
Total operating grants	4,148,508	3,889,222		259,286	6.7%
Charges for services	1,178,127	1,151,189		26,938	2.3%
Interest	79,886	42,047		37,839	90.0%
Miscellaneous revenues	59,409	59,020		389	0.7%
Total revenues	5,465,930	5,141,478		324,452	6.3%
Expenses:					
Programs and operations	5,333,193	5,140,110		193,083	3.8%
Depreciation	69,362	65,477		3,885	5.9%
Total expenses	5,402,555	5,205,587		196,968	3.8%
Change in Net position	63,375	(64,109)		127,484	198.9%
Net Position	4,619,374	4,683,483		(6/ 100)	(1 10/)
Beginning of the year	\$ 4,682,749	4,683,483	\$	(64,109) 63,375	(1.4%) 1.4%
End of the year	φ 4,002,149	φ 4,019,374	Φ	03,313	1.4%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Financial Analysis - Fund Level

Governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Organization's financing requirements. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Organization. Total assets in the General Fund increased 1.2%, or \$57,450, due mostly to a \$352,219 increase in cash and cash equivalents and a decrease in Due from Other Funds of \$299,495. Due from Other Funds represents reimbursable grants and is down 43.2% due to less grant billings at year end. In FY 2018, grant receivables included a large receivable from April in addition to May and June while in FY 2019, only May and June grant receivables were outstanding.

Accounts Payable in the Special Revenue Fund was up 23.8%, or \$68,201. Ninety-five percent (\$354,684) of all accounts payable balances were comprised mostly of year-end billings for consultant fees and pass-through dollars and are reimbursable expenses as addressed under Due from Other Funds in the above paragraph.

The Organization is in good financial condition. At the end of the current fiscal year, Unassigned Fund Balance of the General Fund was \$4,649,342, while total Fund Balance was \$4,719,134, the difference being a non-spendable amount for prepaid items of \$49,792 and rent deposits of \$20,000. Due to the advanced funding requirement of reimbursable grants and the timing of revenues from local funding partners, it is important that the Organization maintain a minimum amount of General Fund liquidity to maintain operations. The organization does not have an approved fund balance policy, however, management feels that an Unassigned Fund Balance of approximately \$1,768,663 or one-third of Governmental Fund expenditures (\$5,305,990) appears warranted as a minimum. In addition, due to the reliance on federal and state grants as the major funding for the Organization and the potential for delays or cuts to that funding, management strives for higher reserve balances to withstand potential gaps or cuts in funding.

Revenues in the General Fund were up \$65,166, or 5.2%, compared to the prior year. Charges for service, interest income, and miscellaneous revenues all increased in FY 2019. Interest income was up 90.0% from prior year due to rising interest rates on LGIP investments.

Expenditures and transfers out were \$1,157,482 in the General Fund, which represents a decrease of \$187,271, or 13.9%, over last year. The largest change within the General Fund was a decrease in salaries and fringe (\$166,386). This was mainly due to recognizing a large personal leave payout in FY 2018 that was paid in September of FY 2019. Other differences included a decrease of \$52,895 in transfers out of the general fund for FTA grant matching due to a change in Florida Department of Transportation's policy regarding new FTA grant funds which delayed authorization to spend those funds for approximately five months; an increase in consultant expenditures in the general fund for the Strategic Business Plan and a local match for the Multimodal Network Connectivity Grant (\$70,266); and a decrease in contractual services (\$23,496). In FY'17, MetroPlan Orlando contracted for an Executive Director search firm which was completed in FY 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Variations

A comparison of the original budget, final amended budget and actual amounts can be found on page 11 of this report. Transportation expenditures in the General Fund were \$369,539 less than budget due to unfilled staff positions, consultant projects not completed in FY 2019, and the delay in new FTA funds which requires a local match. Miscellaneous revenues in the General Fund, which includes cash carryforward budget allocations, were \$280,684 less than budgeted for the same reasons.

Special Revenue Fund revenue was \$1,432,667 less than budget, and expenditures were \$1,507,620 less than budget due to several factors including consultant projects extending beyond the fiscal year or not completed and Florida Department of Transportation's policy regarding new FTA grant funds which delayed authorization to all Metropolitan Planning Organizations in the state to spend those funds for approximately five months. Additionally, about one-third of the FTA grant funds are budgeted for FY 2020 to cover the first three months of the fiscal year when new FTA funds are not yet available.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

The Organization's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$229,062 and \$277,155 respectively. Assets purchased this year included new computers for staff, network hardware, and bicycle and pedestrian counters. Capital assets consist of equipment, furniture, and software used by the organization in its daily operations.

The Organization's long-term debt is comprised solely of employees' accrued compensated absences. As of June 30, 2019, the Organization had \$265,447 in accrued compensated absences, of which \$35,087 is considered to be due within one year. A more detailed explanation of compensated absences can be seen in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Organization anticipates funding from local assessment revenues to increase slightly in FY 2020. Local funding partners, other than operating agencies and the Municipal Advisory Committee members, contribute \$0.50 per capita. Annual population growth is expected to continue at a rate of between 2% and 3% so local revenue will increase by the same percentage.

In addition to building reserves to meet planning needs, the Organization is actively pursuing other federal and state discretionary grant sources to bring additional funds to the region. Contributions are expected to continue from neighboring MPOs to help support the work of the Central Florida MPO Alliance.

Long-range plans are anticipated to be a more challenging effort in the future with policy and funding changes that are expected at the federal level, along with FAST Act performance measures and planning for the introduction of autonomous and connected vehicles. The Organization has integrated these factors into its work program but more changes are expected as a new federal transportation bill to replace the FAST Act is in draft form and under review, and as the industry continues to evolve.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Additional studies are anticipated for new corridors, freight, rail, expanded bus service, bus rapid transit, paratransit and ridesharing services, trails, complete streets, and technology-related enhancements that will benefit traffic operations and improve safety. In addition, the Organization is engaged in identifying prospective opportunities for generating additional capital and operating funds to meet the region's transportation needs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Organization's finances for all those with an interest in the Organization's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance and Administration, MetroPlan Orlando, 250 South Orange Avenue, Suite 200, Orlando, Florida 32801-3441.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	Total	Adjustments (Note 2)	-	tatement of let Position
ASSETS	* 1010.000	•		.	•	•	1 0 1 0 0 0 0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,313,822	\$	-	\$ 4,313,822	\$-	\$	4,313,822
Accounts receivable	398		-	398	-		398
Due from other funds	393,458		-	393,458	(393,458)		-
Due from other governments	-		748,142	748,142	-		748,142
Prepaid items	49,792		-	49,792	-		49,792
Deposits	20,000		-	20,000	-		20,000
Capital assets, net			-		229,062		229,062
Total Assets	\$ 4,777,470	\$	748,142	\$ 5,525,612	(164,396)		5,361,216
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	17,712		354,684	372,396	-		372,396
Due to other funds	,		393,458	393,458	(393,458)		
Accrued liabilities	40,624			40,624			40,624
Accrued compensated absences			-		265,447		265,447
Total Liabilities	58,336		748,142	806,478	(128,011)		678,467
			1 10,212		(120,011)		010,101
FUND BALANCES/ NET POSITION Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	49,792		-	49,792	(49,792)		-
Deposits	20,000		-	20,000	(20,000)		-
Restricted	-		-	-	-		-
Unassigned	4,649,342		-	4,649,342	(4,649,342)		-
Total Fund Balances	4,719,134		-	4,719,134	(4,719,134)		-
Total Liabilities and							
Fund Balances	\$ 4,777,470	\$	748,142	\$ 5,525,612			
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets					229,062		229,062
Unrestricted					4,453,687		4,453,687
Total Net Position					\$ -	\$	4,682,749

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total	Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Activities
REVENUES				<u>.</u>	
Operating grants					
Federal	\$-	\$ 3,982,608	\$ 3,982,608	\$-	\$ 3,982,608
State	-	101,881	101,881	-	101,881
State matching	-	64,019	64,019	-	64,019
Charges for services	1,178,127	-	1,178,127	-	1,178,127
Interest	79,886	-	79,886	-	79,886
Miscellaneous revenues	59,409		59,409		59,409
Total Revenues	1,317,422	4,148,508	5,465,930		5,465,930
EXPENDITURES / EXPENSES					
Transportation:					
Current:					
Programs and operations	1,076,158	4,208,564	5,284,722	48,471	5,333,193
Depreciation	-	-	-	69,362	69,362
Capital outlay	21,268	-	21,268	(21,268)	-
Total Expenditures/Expenses	1,097,426	4,208,564	5,305,990	96,565	5,402,555
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	219,996	(60,056)	159,940		
Transfers - internal activities		60.056			
	(60,056)	00,050			
Excess of revenues and transfers					
in (out) over expenditures	159,940	-	159,940	(159,940)	-
Change in net position				63,375	63,375
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION					
Beginning of the year	4,559,194		4,559,194	60,180	4,619,374
End of the year	\$ 4,719,134	\$ -	\$ 4,719,134	\$ (36,385)	\$ 4,682,749

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Amounts Final **GENERAL FUND** Revenues Charges for services \$ 1,178,127 \$ 1,178,127 \$ 1,178,127 Interest 38,000 79,887 79,886 Miscellaneous revenues 346,395 340,092 59,409 **Total Revenues** 1,562,522 1,598,106 1,317,422 Expenditures Current: Transportation 1,423,897 1,445,697 1,076,158 Capital outlay 14,200 17,400 21.268 **Total Expenditures** 1,097,426 1,438,097 1,463,097 Excess of revenues over expenditures 124,425 135,009 219,996 Other Financing Sources / (Uses) Transfers in 3.963 _ Transfers out (124, 425)(135.009)(64.019) Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses) (124, 425)(135,009)(60,056) Net change in fund balance 159,940 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 4,559,194 Fund Balance at End of Year \$ \$ \$ 4,719,134 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Revenues Operating grants \$ 4,420,154 \$ 5,581,175 \$ 4,148,508 **Total Revenues** 4,420,154 5,581,175 4,148,508 Expenditures Current: Transportation 4,544,579 5,716,184 4,208,564 **Total Expenditures** 4,544,579 4,208,564 5,716,184 Deficiency of revenues over expenditures (124,425) (135,009)(60,056) Other Financing Sources / (Uses) Transfers in 124,425 135.009 64.019 Transfers out (3,963)124,425 135,009 Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses) 60,056 Net change in fund balance Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year \$ \$ \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

The Orlando Urban Area Metropolitan Planning Organization d/b/a MetroPlan Orlando/A Regional Transportation Partnership (the "Organization") is a voluntary association of local governmental units organized under the authority of Chapter 339.175 of the Florida Statutes in accordance with the 1962 Federal Aid Highway Act. Its primary purpose is to provide leadership in the initiation and development of transportation plans and programs and the establishment of transportation priorities and strategies in Orange, Seminole, and Osceola Counties. Board membership is apportioned by the Governor of Florida and interlocal agreements among the various governmental entities within the Orlando and Kissimmee Urbanized Areas on the basis of equitable population ratio and prevailing federal and state laws. Membership is comprised of representatives of Orange County (6); Osceola County (1); Seminole County (2); City of Orlando (2); (1) each for the Cities of Altamonte Springs, Apopka, Kissimmee, and Sanford; Greater Orlando Aviation Authority (1); Central Florida Expressway Authority (1); Sanford Airport Authority (1): Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority (LYNX) (1): and the Municipal Advisory Committee (MAC) (1). The MAC is a committee of the Board comprised of smaller cities in the region that do not have a full voting seat on the board. Representatives from the Florida Department of Transportation and Kissimmee Gateway Airport and the Chairpersons of the Technical Advisory Committee, the Transportation System Management & Operations Advisory Committee, and the Community Advisory Committee serve as non-voting advisors.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the applicable funds controlled by or dependent upon the Organization. In evaluating the Organization as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the Organization may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, are includable within the Organization's financial statements. No component units exist which would require inclusion in the Organization's financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Organization. The effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. The Organization only has governmental activities and does not engage in any business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services, which include member assessments; 2) operating grants; and 3) miscellaneous revenues. General revenues include interest income. Fund financial statements are presented for the Organization's General and Special Revenue Funds. Both of these funds are considered to be major funds. The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for federal and state funded transportation planning activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Organization's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Organization considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

D. Fund Balances and Spending Order

The Organization classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable Fund Balance represents fund balance that is (a) not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as an endowment.
- Restricted Fund Balance consists of amounts that can be spent only on the specific purpose stipulated by law or by the external providers of those resources.
- Unassigned Fund Balance represents the residual classification of fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained within the other classifications of the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Organization's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

On or before July 1 of each year, the Organization adopts an annual budget on a generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis sufficient to support the anticipated Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) for the year. The budget is adopted at the fund level and includes combined revenues from all sources, including federal, state, local and private grants-in-aid, contracts, fees, and such other funding sources legitimately available to the Organization. The level of budget control is at the UPWP task level. Florida Department of Transportation requires all metropolitan planning organizations to

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

develop a two-year UPWP, consisting of the first year ending on an odd fiscal year date and the second year ending on an even fiscal year date. The second year is considered preliminary for budget purposes as all revenues, especially federal and state grants, are estimated for year two. It is the policy of the organization to revise the second year budget prior to the start of the Fiscal Year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and investments in the State Board of Administration Local Government Pooled Investment Accounts and FLCLASS, an Independent Local Government Investment Pool.

G. Prepaids

Prepaids represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond June 30, 2019.

H. Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment

Office furniture, fixtures and equipment purchased in the Governmental Fund Types are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. It is the Organization's policy to capitalize property and equipment over \$1,000. Lesser amounts are expensed. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received. Depreciation has been expensed on capital assets as a direct charge using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets, which range from 3-15 years.

I. Compensated Absences

It is the Organization's policy to grant employees personal leave based upon the number of years of employment with the Organization. Personal leave may be used as time off or, upon resignation or retirement with two weeks' notice, shall be paid up to the maximum the employee would earn in three years. The Executive Director shall be paid up to the maximum earned in four years. Eligible employees may participate in a personal leave sell-back during each calendar year. The Executive Director may sell back up to a maximum of four weeks of accumulated leave while eligible employees may sell back up to two weeks of accumulated leave. Such leave pay shall be made at the employee's current rate of pay. Employees who terminate prior to completion of six months continuous service will not be paid for any accrued personal leave time.

J. Indirect Costs

Certain administrative costs are recorded in the General Fund as indirect costs in the Organization's accounting system and are allocated to the Special Revenue Fund based upon an indirect cost rate appropriate in the circumstances. The rate is based upon direct salary and fringe benefit costs and is approved by the Florida Department of Transportation each fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

K. Grants

Revenues received or used from grants for governmental funds are recognized as current revenues when they become subject to accrual that is both measurable and available (modified accrual basis).

L. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are between the Organization's General and Special Revenue Funds and represent the local match, where required, for federal and state grants received or excess revenue or expenditures from performance-based grants. All grants are cost reimbursable grants, except for the Transportation Disadvantaged grant, which is performance-based and is reimbursed as tasks are completed. Eligible project costs are 100% advance-funded by the General Fund.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Adjustments were made to include capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) and long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. This resulted in a net difference between ending governmental fund balances and total net position of \$36,385. Interfund payables and receivables were also eliminated.

Ending governmental fund balances	\$ 4,719,134
Capital assets, net	229,062
Accrued compensated absences	(265,447)
Total net position	\$ 4,682,749

Adjustments were made to include depreciation expense, eliminate capital outlay expenditures, and record the increase in compensated absences on the statement of activities. This resulted in a net difference between "excess of revenues and transfers in over expenditures and transfers out" and "change in net position" of \$96,565.

Excess o	f revenues and transfers in over expenditures and transfers out	\$ 159,940
Less:	Depreciation expense	(69,362)
	Decrease in compensated absences	(48,471)
Add:	Capital outlay expenditures	21,268
Change i	n net position	\$ 63,375

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Authorized Investments

The Organization may invest surplus funds in Florida Prime, a Local Government Surplus Trust Funds Investment Pool (State Board of Administration, "SBA"); Independent Local Government Investment Pools (LGIPs); negotiable direct obligations of, or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government at the then prevailing market price for such securities with remaining maturities not exceeding seven years; demand deposits and interestbearing time deposits, money market, or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of Florida, in national banks organized under laws of the United States, in savings and loan associations which are under state supervision, or in federal savings and loan associations organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that each such firm shall be doing business and is situated in the tri-county area, and further provided that any such deposits are collateralized, as may be prescribed by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and is classified as investments. Investments are recorded at fair market value and consist entirely of money market funds whose fair market value approximates cost.

Deposits

Deposits consist of interest and noninterest-bearing demand accounts. All deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral, pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida.

Investments

The Organization is authorized to invest in investment vehicles, as defined in the written investment policy which was approved by the Board. The policy specifies the authorized investment vehicles which, among others, include the Local Government Surplus Trust Funds Investment Pool (State Board of Administration, "SBA"), LGIPs, negotiable direct obligations of, or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government at the then prevailing market price for such securities with remaining maturities not exceeding seven years, for certain money market funds and repurchase agreements. The policy also specifies the portfolio allocation which is intended to meet the Organization's specified goals, in order of priority of safety, liquidity, and yield.

The Florida Prime and FL CLASS Investment accounts are considered SEC 2a-7-like pools, external investment pools that are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company but, nevertheless, have a policy that they will, and do, operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Thus, the account balances should also be considered the fair value of the investments. The LGIPs are rated by Standard and Poor's with current ratings of AAAm. The Fund ratings are reviewed weekly. The weighted average days-to-maturity (WAM) of the LGIP, the Florida Prime, at June 30, 2019, was 29 days. The weighted average

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

days-to-maturity (WAM) of the LGIP, FLCLASS, at June 30, 2019, was 53 days. Currently, all of the LGIP balances for the Organization are eligible for withdrawal.

As of June 30, 2019, the Organization has the following balances invested:

	Fair Value		
Bank Demand Deposits	\$ 1,072,359		
Petty Cash	125		
FL CLASS Investment Account	1,549,229		
State Board of Administration:			
LGIP-Prime	1,692,109		
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	4,313,822	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the fiscal year:

	Balance	Balance			
	July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019	
Capital Assets being depreciated:					
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 706,293	\$ 21,269	\$ (36,514)	\$ 691,048	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(429,138)	(69,362)	36,514	(461,986)	
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 277,155	\$ (48,093)	\$ -	\$ 229,062	

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Balance July 1, 2018					Balance e 30, 2019	Due Within One Year	
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 306,803	\$	258,679	\$	(300,035)	\$ 265,447	\$	35,087

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 – LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Organization leases office facilities and other equipment under non-cancelable operating leases.

- A. On June 8, 2015, the Organization entered into a ten-year lease agreement for new office space with ten months of free rent outside the lease term. Monthly rates for the new lease period range from \$20,000 in 2016 to \$27,000 in 2026, with one free month in each of the first ten years of the lease.
- B. The Organization entered into a new copier lease in July, 2015, extending from July, 2015, through August, 2020. Under the terms of the lease, monthly rentals are \$1,118, including a base year fee of \$135 per month with a yearly escalator to cover a set amount of copies and toner.
- C. In July, 2017, a 48-month lease agreement was entered into for a new mailing system, which expires in September, 2021. The quarterly lease payment is \$290.

Year Ending			Mail	
June 30	Building	Copiers	Machine	Total
2020	\$ 243,642	\$ 13,827	\$ 1,160	\$ 258,629
2021	250,967	1,152	1,160	253,279
2022	258,475	-	-	258,475
2023	266,208	-	-	266,208
2024	274,217	-	-	274,217
2025	282,458	-	-	282,458
2026	317,800	-	-	317,800
2027	107,500	-	-	107,500
	\$ 2,001,267	\$ 14,979	\$ 2,320	\$ 2,018,566

The future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Building rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$241,555.

NOTE 7 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

The Organization maintains the MetroPlan Orlando Money Purchase Pension Plan and Trust, a defined contribution pension plan. This is a tax-qualified plan pursuant to Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This plan was established as of January 1, 1997, by the Board of the Organization. All full-time employees and regular part-time employees working 30 hours a week or more are eligible to participate in the plan upon employment. Participants become vested after one year of continuous employment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN – Continued

The Organization is required to contribute 10% of the salaries of eligible employees to the plan. Salaries include W-2 earnings plus any contributions made pursuant to a salary reduction agreement, which was not included in the gross income of the employer under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Employees may not contribute to the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2019, MetroPlan Orlando recognized employer contributions of \$162,922 in connection with the plan, \$3,336 of which was accrued at June 30, 2019, and paid subsequent to that time.

An outside party, the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA) administers the plan with all funds invested with the ICMA Retirement Trust. Investments are self-directed by the employee. The normal retirement age has been designated by the employer as age 55. The plan permits withdrawals for retirement, termination, and disability. The plan does not allow participants to borrow against their accounts.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Organization is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Organization purchases commercial insurance for all types of claims with nominal deductible amounts. The following is a summary of the Organization's significant insurance coverage and limitations:

Coverage	Limitations					
General/Professional Liability (Includes errors & omissions; and employee benefits program administration)	\$200,000 – Each person \$300,000 – Each occurrence \$500,000 – Combined single limit, per occurrence					
Information Security & Privacy Liability	\$250,000 - Each claim					
Fiduciary Liability (Pension Plan) Fiduciary Liability (Deferred Compensation Plan)	\$2,000,000 – Aggregate all claims \$2,000,000 – Aggregate all claims					
Auto Liability	\$200,000 – Each person \$300,000 – Each occurrence \$500,000 – Combined single limit, per occurrence					
Terrorism Physical Loss/Damage	\$5,000,000 – Aggregate per year					
Property Damage (Includes personal property; inland marine; computer equipment and software) Executive Travel Accident	\$621,020 – Personal property No Limit – Inland marine \$250,000 – Per occurrence					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT – Continued

Worker Compensation – Statutory

\$1,000,000 – Each accident \$1,000,000 – Each disease (policy limit) \$1,000,000 – Aggregate by disease

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during Fiscal Year 2019. There have been no insurance claims in the past three years.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Intergovernmental Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantors are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the General Fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time, although the Organization expects such amounts to be immaterial.

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

Compliance and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management Letter

Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program

Expenditures of Federal Awards

Findings and Questioned Costs





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando Orlando, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of MetroPlan Orlando (the "Organization") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moore Attephens Lovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida October 15, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando Orlando, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of MetroPlan Orlando (the "Organization") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance; and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated October 15, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Management

Section 10.544(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have such recommendations.

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Moore Atephens Lovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida October 15, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando Orlando, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of MetroPlan Orlando (the "Organization") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Organization's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Organization's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Organization's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the types of requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

To the Board of Directors of MetroPlan Orlando

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Organization is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to in the first paragraph. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Organization's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiency and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moore Atephens Lovelace, P.a.

MOORE STEPHENS LOVELACE, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida October 15, 2019

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal or State Agency/ State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal/State Domestic Assistance Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Program Expenditures
Federal Awards:			
Federal Highway Administration: Passed through the State of Florida Department of Transportation: Unified Planning Work Program PL-0087-056-M - FY 2019 FM#439332-1-14-01	20.205	G0W38	\$ 1,999,356
CI L Fund Deciseto			
SU Fund Projects FM#439332-1-14-02	20.205	G0W38	1,435,027
Multimodal Network Connectivity FM#439332-1-14-03	20.205	G0W38	36,071
Total CFDA 20.205			3,470,454
Federal Transit Administration: Passed through the State of Florida Department of Transportation: Unified Planning Work Program			
Section 5305(d) - 2016/2017 - X011-00	20.505	G0G13	7,618
Unified Planning Work Program Section 5305(d) - 2017/2018 - X012-00 Unified Planning Work Program	20.505	G0G13	168,665
Section 5305(d) - 2018/2019 - X013-00	20.505	G1575	335,871
Total CFDA 20.505			512,154
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards:			\$ 3,982,608

Note to Schedule:

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recognized if it is measurable and available for use during the year. Expenditures are recognized in the period liabilities are incurred, if measurable. The amounts reported in the Schedule have been reconciled to and are in material agreement with amounts recorded in the Organization's accounting records from which the basic financial statements were prepared. The Organization did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statement

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified			
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	Х	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	Х	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements				-
noted?		Yes	Х	No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major federal programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	Х	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	Х	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for				
major federal programs:	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be		Ma a	V	N
reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes	X	No
Identification of major federal programs:				
<u>CFDA Number</u>	Name of Fed	eral Program o	or Cluster	
20.205	Unified Plan	ning Work Pro	gram	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs Federal		¢750.000		
reueral		\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	Yes		No
Section II - Financial Statement Findings				
No matters were reported.				
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Cost	s			

No matters were reported.

OTHER Supplementary Information



SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	
Charges for services	
Member assessments	\$ 1,178,127
Interest	79,886
Miscellaneous revenues	59,409
Total Revenues	1,317,422
Expenditures:	
Books, publications, subscriptions & memberships	18,826
Community relations & advertising	124,333
Computer operations	20
Consultants	138,251
Contractual services	3,216
Equipment & furniture	15,970
Fringe benefits	141,276
Indirect costs	115,129
Legal	43,139
Office supplies	9,461
Operating supplies	34,412
Other miscellaneous	3,675
Postage	2,652
Printing & binding	22,443
Repair & maintenance	4,262
Salaries	366,625
Seminars/Training	13,372
Software	345
Travel & per diem	40,019
Total Expenditures	1,097,426
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	219,996
Other Financing Sources / (Uses):	
Transfers in	3,963
Transfers out	(64,019)
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	(60,056)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures and	
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	159,940
Fund Balance, beginning of year	4,559,194
Fund Balance, end of year	\$ 4,719,134

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED PROJECT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	State Department of Transportation	Federal Transit Administration			
	Transportation Disadvantaged	FL-08-X011-00	FL-08-X012-00	FL-08-X013-00	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	\$-	\$ 7,618	\$ 168,665	\$ 335,871	
State	101,881	952	21,083	41,984	
Total intergovernmental revenues:	101,881	8,570	189,748	377,855	
Other grants:					
Total grant revenue:	101,881	8,570	189,748	377,855	
Expenditures:					
Audit		-	12,500	-	
Community relations & advertising	1,783	-	-	-	
Computer operations	-	-	-	-	
Consultants	-	-	11,110	-	
Fringe benefits	7,208	2,045	14,469	73,175	
Printing & binding	1,395	-	-	-	
Indirect costs	4,652	1,319	9,338	47,229	
Office supplies	98	-	-	-	
Pass-through expenses	60,000	-	119,807	78,897	
Postage	57	-	-	-	
Salaries	21,725	6,158	43,607	220,538	
Seminars/Training	1,000	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	97,918	9,522	210,831	419,839	
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	3,963	(952)	(21,083)	(41,984)	
Other Financing Sources / (Uses):					
Transfers in	-	952	21,083	41,984	
Transfers out	(3,963)	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)	(3,963)	952	21,083	41,984	
Excess / (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources / (Uses) Over Expenditures				<u> </u>	
Fund Balance at beginning of year					
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	\$-	\$-	\$	

	Federal Highway Administration						
PL-0087-056-M FM#439332-1-14-01			Fund Projects 139332-1-14-02	Multimodal Network Connectivity FM#439332-1-14-03		Total Special Revenue Fund	
\$	1,999,356	\$	1,435,027	\$	36,071	\$	3,982,608
	1,999,356		1,435,027		36,071		165,900 4,148,508
	1,999,356		1,435,027		36,071		4,148,508
	12,000		-		-		24,500
	-		-		-		1,783
	17,280		-		-		17,280
	716,307		1,333,839		36,071		2,097,327
	269,090		21,717		-		387,704
	-		-		-		1,395
	173,679		14,017		-		250,234
	-		-		-		98
	-		-		-		258,704
	-		-		-		57
	811,000		65,454		-		1,168,482
	-		-		-		1,000
	1,999,356		1,435,027		36,071		4,208,564
	-		-		-		(60,056)
	-		-		-		64,019
	-		-		-		(3,963)
	-		-		-		60,056
	-		-		-		-
	-		-				-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

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